OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1752. [N°. 113.

To the Author of Old England.

SIR,

THE Incloſed accidentally fell into my Hands; and as there appears in it ſomething extremely pretty and poetical, I fancy it may afford ſome Pleaſure to the Lovers of Poetry: And I am ſure, if it gives you the ſame Pleaſure it did me, when I firſt read it, you will inſert it in your Paper, not by way of Inſult, but to ſhew the fine Genius the Gentleman had to Poetry.

To Mr. G——— *at* Richmond.

——*O Rus! quando ego te aſpiciam?*

SIR,

WHILE undiſturb'd your pleaſing Hours you paſs
In *ſtudious* Joys—or o'er the *ſocial* Glaſs;
While *Ages paſt* revolve before your Sight,
Or *preſent Life* affords the new Delight;
Whether in *Times remote* you caſt your Eyes,
Or *momentary Scenes* of Bliſs ariſe!
As *Truth*'s impartial *Teleſcope* you uſe,
Juſt is your Knowledge, and exact your Views!

Or whether thro' the ſtill-improving Shade,
You view the *Beauties* which your *Hand* has *made*;
Strike out *new Wonders*—*Imperfections* blot
And add more *Graces* to the *happy Spot!*
Permit the *Muſe* to fly her ſerious Cares
And mingle (once unask'd) in your Affairs.

The *Muſe?*—you ſtart——you'll ſay—How can
ſhe ſing!
Damp'd all her *Fire*—and clip'd her wanton *Wing!*
Why, faith! I thought ſo not a Month ago,
But ſhe's appear'd again—I know not how:
And yet in this—ſhe acts but like her *Sex*,
A *Woman!*—bent to have her Will—or *Vex!*
Like modern *Ladies*—what ſhe wants in *Merit*,
She moſt abundantly makes up—in *Spirit!*
And if your *Goodneſs* don't procure me Quarter,
I fear the *Jilt* will uſe me like a *Tartar.*

Help you?—you'll cry—*But how?*——no Plague
ſo fierce,
So hard to cure, as is the *Itch* of *Verſe!*
In *Scriblers* (to give every one his Due)
I'm apt to think this *Maxim* may be true;
But with reſpect to *Folk* of *better Senſe*,
'Tis owing not to want of *Wit*—but *Pence!*

The *Muſes*, G—! are like your *vagrant Jades*,
Who haunt the *Man* whom *Poverty* invades!
The *Penſive* and the *Wretched* they purſue;
But I'll be hang'd if e'er they trouble *you!*
While here ſo cloſely on my *Heel* they preſs,
That I believe they know me by my *Dreſs?*
Be gracious then, and free me from this Evil,
Were I but *rich*—they'd ſhun me like the *Devil!*
So often have the Gipſies made me ſmart,
That I renounce them from my *very Heart:*
And if I had ——— but in Store,
I'd take an *honeſt Oath* to *Rhyme* no more!

London, Sept. 3. 1748.

OUR Obligations to the following ingenious Correſpondent have forced this public Acknowlegement of them. But we muſt nevertheleſs be plain to tell him, his Satire glows rather too intenſely with the Indignation of Virtue to ſpare its odious Objects the common Fate of Arms. It burns where perhaps it might better ſcorch only. Tho' we cannot but confeſs its Honeſty an ample Excuſe for its Severity.

To the AUTHOR *of the* NATIONAL GAZETTE.

——— Τρια γαρ εϛι, δεσποτα,
Δι ων απαντα γιγνεται, ἡ καλα νομις,
Ἡ ταις ἀναγκαις, ἡ γε τοῖσον ἐθει τινι.
Ex των Μενανδρου.*

SIR,

THERE is no Simile more common among Writers than that which compares the Body politic with the human; nor perhaps any that is more juſt, or that will admit of more frequent and cloſe Analogy. If the human Body, thro' any Diſtemper, errs from the fixed Laws of Natnre, by which only it can attain or preſerve perfect Health, the Phyſician who does not pay a ſtrict Attention to that unerring Goddeſs, but confides in Whimſies and Chimæras of his own Brain (and ſuch to our Coſt are but too common) is more like to encreaſe the Violence of a Diſeaſe, and accelerate the Deſtruction of his Patient than his Cure. So where an unhappy State is ſick with the ill Conduct of a Succeſſion of bungling and corrupted Managers, it is ſtill like to be more and more involved, the further the ſaid Managers deviate from it's eſſential Laws. In the Diſtemperatures of the political as well as the human Fabric, a Succeſſion of Phyſicians is but too often a Succeſſion of Blunderers. Indeed the Succeſſor of a corrupt Manager, tho' ever ſo honeſt or prudent, may find it neceſſary to temporize in ſome Parts of his Predeceſſor's Conduct: For too ſudden and draſtic Purgatives in either caſe, where the Conſtitution has been much weakened, are liable to bring on violent Convulſions. Cuſtom, that ſecond Nature, takes Place of the true, and creates a Neceſſity in ſome meaſure of complying with her vitious Habits. But indeed as for our political Phyſicians, at preſent they ſeem ſo obſtinate in their ſurprizing Methods of treating their poor Patient, that there is little Hope of Remedy from that Quarter. We ſhall here therefore drop them and the Simile, and apply ourſelves to another Quarter, where I am ſorry to ſay there is but little more Hope of Succeſs. But whatever be the Succeſs, there is certainly a noble Pleaſure in the Reflection of having attempted to effect a Thing which, as *Horace* has it,

Æquè Pauperibus prodeſt, locupletibus æquè,
Æquè neglectum juvenis ſenibuſque nocebit. †

* There are Three Things which overrule all others; the Laws, Neceſſity, and Cuſtom.

† A Thing equally profitable to both Rich and Poor, which neglected is equally hurtful to Young and Old.

The Excellence of our Conſtitution is a Subject that has been ſo frequently handled by innumerable Pens, that it would be ridiculous & ſuperfluous to ſay much on that Head. There is certainly as much Perfection in it, as perhaps can poſſibly exiſt in any human Inſtitution. Notwithſtanding this, the triple Potentates between whom Power was ſo happily diſtributed that every thing might be executed with equal Juſtice and Facility, whilſt nothing was attempted contrary to the Intereſt and Laws of the Conſtitution; theſe Potentates, I ſay, have often brought our Conſtitution to the very Brink of Ruin either by Diſagreements or worſe, either by Quarrels or Corruption. Sometimes one, ſometimes another, in a fluctuating Series of Time, have engroſſed more Power than was ever intended for it. Kings have been depoſed, Lords beheaded, and the Commons have frequently felt moſt grating Viciſſitudes. But whenever theſe Events have happened they have ever been deemed Calamities by good Men. Theſe have regarded every Deviation from the original Conſtitution as ſo many Steps towards its Diſſolution; nor could they ever ſhare the Triumphs of the Victor Potentate, becauſe productive of the ſame fatal End.

It is well known on which of theſe Potentates the People have always had moſt Reliance for the Preſervation of their Liberties; and it is as well known too what Methods have been taken to diſappoint that Reliance. The Means made Uſe of to gain Elections, by chouſing and corrupting Electors, are not more flagitious than notorious: Nor is there any Reaſon to doubt but the ſame ſcandalous Practices will be put in Execution as well in the next Election as they have been in the preceding ones. "'Tis the damned Thirſt of Gold that ſucks up all." But, alas! if this barefaced Villainy continues uninterrupted, it needs not Inſpiration to foretel, that the boaſted Liberty of this Land will ſoon periſh with the Spirit that produced it,

——— *and amaze indeed*
The very Faculties of Eyes and Ears!

This indeed can never be done without the Conſent of the People themſelves: If they are deſtroyed, they deſtroy themſelves. They have the Power of Voting, and the Diſcernment to direct their Votes properly, if they will have the Reſolution and Integrity.

If the Electors will ſuffer themſelves to be bribed, tho' they ſwear to the contrary, and commit at once two Crimes, the leaſt of which merits the fierceſt Fire for its Reward, all that can be ſaid is, They will only loſe what they do not deſerve to enjoy. Let Devils tread the narrow infernal Confines allotted them; but Angels muſt range free unbounded Space.

Indeed, the Loſs of Liberty to the far greater Part of the preſent Race of Mortals, would not give a wiſe Man any Concern, if he were not ſenſible that it would be entailed on all Poſterity. But that cannot be ſaid to be loſt which has not been enjoyed; for Liberty is too refined for the Feeling of ſuch Animals.

Drinking, Rope-dancing, Tumbling, Fiddling, make up the hopeful Catalogue of our Amuſements! Licentious Pleaſures are encou-

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raged, becauſe Licence deſtroys Liberty, and Luxury the Spirit of it. 'Tis the ſame in *France*, *Turkey*, *China*, and in all Countries where Power and Slavery breathe together.

It is a melancholy Amazement I am affected with, when I ſee the Facility with which we fall into the deteſtable Taſte of ſuch Slaves. Not to mention Things too ſhocking (if any thing can be ſuppoſed ſhocking to ſo corrupted a People) with what univerſal Approbation does that *Turkiſh* Imitator, the Wire-Dancer, exhibit his pretty Tricks? Inſtead of being provoked with a Fellow for idling away ſo much Time to attain a Knack which, as it is no more, can never prove of the leaſt Uſe to Mankind, we give into the moſt ridiculous Admiration of it.

O Judgment! thou art fled to Brutiſh Beaſts,
For Men have loſt thee!

Alexander, who was never admired for his Judgment, appears in a very amiable Light in a Caſe parallel to this. A *Maddocks* of his Days had with infinite Trouble brought his Hand to ſuch a Nicety in throwing a Grain of Sand, that he could dart it thro' the Eye of a Needle, ſcarce ever failing. The Trick was greatly admired by many, and brought the Artiſt much Griſt to his Mill. At length, it came to *Alexander*'s Ears by means of one of his Favourites, who was bribed by the Artiſt to perſuade *Alexander* to ſee it, as the only Expedient left of raiſing himſelf to the very Acme of his Fame. *Alexander*, after ſome Importunity, was perſuaded to this, of which the Artiſt was ſoon informed by the Favourite, & had not the leaſt Doubt but his Fortune was made. The Hero ſaw the Trick, and, confeſſing ſome Surprize at it, went away ſeemingly pleaſed, telling the Sand-Hero he ſhould not fail to reward him according to his Merit. The Monarch ket his Word; for a Cart-load of the ſame Sand with which the Dexter performed his Feats was all the Reward.

When the People ſaw in what Light the King looked on the Affair, they immediately felt the Juſtneſs of his Sentiments, and the unfortunate Sand-thrower, juſt before praiſed and admired, knew what it was to be neglected and deſpiſed. So true is the Saying, That the whole World is faſhioned by the Example of Kings!

If the very important Circumſtance had luckily been recorded, there would have been no Doubt of this Idler's being afterwards obliged to do ſomething uſeful for his Subſiſtence; tho' as it is, a pretty certain Leſſon of Inſtruction may be read by all future Trickſters and their Admirers.

If I were acquainted with our inimitable Wire-dancer, I ſhould adviſe him, celebrated as he is, to the Condeſcenſion of putting up for a Member next Election. No Man is ſo great a Favourite with our People, nor any one ſo likely to gain their Votes without Money, if that is at all poſſible, as himſelf. But ſhould he want that Requiſite, there is a Proviſion in the T—— made on purpoſe for him, and others of equal Pretenſions tho' inferior Qualifications. Nobody, after what has been ſeen, will diſpute the Propriety of ſuch an Election.

If this laudable Imitation of Slaves continues, I ſuppoſe we ſhall turn Part of our People into Eunuchs as the *Turks* do. Would to God we were already Eunuchs, for 'tis a Shame to propagate ſuch a Race of ſpiritleſs Mortals as we are at preſent, if no Hope remained that the next Generation would be better than this from the Impoſſibility of its being worſe.

When we conſider the noble Struggles our Anceſtors have ſo frequently made to preſerve and tranſmit us that Liberty we, their degenerate Offſpring, ſo idly laviſh away for a little paltry Gold;——when we conſider the ſtrong Efforts a neighbouring Nation, yoked under an arbitrary Power, and galled by a Chain which does not only tie their Tongues, but even their very Conſciences, I ſay, when we conſider what nervous Efforts the *French* Parliaments have lately made againſt even the Grand Monarch himſelf as well as againſt his Clergy, to gain ſo ſmall a Portion of the Liberty we enjoy as the free Uſe of Sacraments which has been denied even to dying Perſons: —— When we conſider all theſe Things, and afterwards reflect on our own mercenary Conduct in the Affair of Elections, where no trifling Branch but the very Root of Liberty is in the utmoſt Danger of being ſapped and undermined, what mean Slaves do we appear! what Stupidity, what incorrigible Wretchedneſs does it manifeſt! *Demoſthenes* would ſpeak in vain to ſuch Creatures; and the voluble *Tully* would be mute. They could never rouze ſuch a lethargic Race into a due Senſe of that exquiſite Happineſs they might enjoy, in reſtoring that divine Liberty which has ſo long been the diſtinguiſhing Prerogative of this Country; compared with which, all other Enjoyments in this World are but Trifles, and which is like to conſtitute the greateſt Part of our Happineſs in the next!

LONDON.

Whitehall, Auguſt 8. The king has been pleas'd to conſtitute and appoint James Wallace, Eſq; Sir Francis Haskins Eyles Styles, Bart. the Hon. Horatio Townſhend, Francis Vernon, William Jenkins, and Thomas Cooper, Eſq; together with Sir Roger Burgoyne, Bart. to be commiſſioners for victualling his majeſty's navy.

To conſtitute & appoint Stanhope Aſpinwal, Eſq; to be his majeſty's agent & conſul general at Algier.

The king has been pleaſed to grant unto John Martin Leake, Eſq; the office of Cheſter herald at arms, in the the room of Francis Hutchenſon, Eſq; deceaſed.

To grant unto Henry Haſtings, Gent, the office of Rouge Croix purſuivant of arms, in the room of John Pomfret, Gent. deceaſed.

Yeſterday 7-night, about four in the afternoon, her royal highneſs the princeſs Amelia arrived at Bath, & was uſher'd into the city by the right worſhipful the mayor, aldermen and common council, who waited at the city gate in all their formalities for that purpoſe. Two troops of the Scotch greys, and one of the Oxford blues, are appointed to do duty during her royal highneſs's ſtay in that city.

The moſt noble Coſmo George Gordon, duke of Gordon, who died a few days ago in the ſouth of France, was one of the ſixteen parliamentary peers for Scotland, & knight of the order of St. Andrew. His family took their name from the barony of Gordon, in the county of Berwick, where they flouriſhed, and were very numerous in the time of king Malcolm IV. about the Year 1160. In the reign of Robert de Bruce, Adam Gordon got from that king the barony of Strathbogy, in Aberdeenſhire; and he was created lord Strathbogy in 1736. Upon this occaſion the family removed to that county, from the ſhire of Berwick. In 1448 they were created Earls of Huntley, in Berwickſhire, and 1599 Marquiſſes of Huntley by James the IVth of Scotland & the Iſt of England. George, the fourth Marquis of Huntley, was created duke of Gordon in 1684, by king Charles II. Beſides other places of dignity he was made governor of Edinburgh caſtle; which fortreſs he held out in behalf of king James II. at the Revolution 1688, but ſeeing no hope of relief from his maſter, he ſurrendered it to the troops of king William, and lived retired at home till his death in 1716. His ſon Alexander ſucceeded him, who, in 1706, married Henrietta Mordant, daughter of Charles earl of Peterborough and Monmouth, and by her had four ſons and ſeven daughters. Of the ſons, lord Charles the youngeſt has a commiſſion in the king's ſervice. Lord Lewis took refuge in the French court, being attainted for the part he bore in the rebellion in 1745. And Coſmo the eldeſt ſucceeded his father in 1728, being then about nine years of Age, and the firſt of the family educated in the proteſtant religion, under the inſpection of an excellent prudent mother. His grace was married in 1741, to the lady Catherine Gordon, daughter of William earl of Aberdeen, by whom he had a daughter, born Dec. 23, 1750, This family had many lands beſtowed upon them for their fidelity to their ſoverigns, but ſuffered much by their adhering to Mary, queen of Scots, king Charles I. and king James VII. however they ſtill enjoy a conſiderable Eſtate.

The late Coſmo was named after the grand duke of Tuſcany, the laſt of the illuſtrious houſe of Medicis, who ſtood godfather by proxy at his baptiſm, and preſented his father with a fine ſilver font upon that occaſion. His grace is ſucceeded by his only ſon, now at ſchool at Harrow on the Hill.

On Tueſday Evening died lord Willoughby de Brooke, by whoſe death the title and eſtate deſcends to —— Verney, Eſq; eldeſt ſon of the late Henry Verney, Eſq; maſter of the rolls. He ſucceeded his father in 1728. He married Margaret, daughter of Nehemiah Walker of the county of Monmouth, by whom he had iſſue one ſon named George, who died an infant. This family was deſcended from William de Vernai, who flouriſhed in the reign of Henry I. about the Year 1119, and the firſt baron Willoughby of Brooke, was created in 1492.

Wedneſday at a numerous meeting of the electors of the city of Weſtminſter, it was unanimouſly agreed to ſupport the intereſt of Sir George Vandeput, Bart. to repreſent that city, in the room of Sir Peter Warren, Knt. deceaſed.

We are informed from St. Alban's in the County of Hertford, That on Thurſday, the ſecond of July laſt, one Michaell Dauille, born at Dunkirk of French Parents, who coming into England put him to School at Hammerſmith near London, 'till he was thought fit to be ſent to the College of St. Bonaventure in Doway, where he became a Confrere of that Community, of the Order of St. Francis Orfiffirm, in the Church of Rome; but for the ſake of his health removed from thence to the College of St. Omar, did ſolemnly renounce the Errors of the ſaid Church in the preſence of the Archdeacon of St. Alban, and two other Clergymen of the Church of England, in the ſaid Town. And that the ſaid Michael Dauille did afterwards, on the Sunday following, being the fifth Day of the ſaid July, read his ſaid Renunciation in the preſence and hearing of the Public Congregation in the Pariſh Church of St. Alban, commonly called the Abbey-Church there. Both which Renunciations were ſigned by the aforeſaid Michael Dauille, and properly atteſted.

Private letters from Hanover ſay, it begins to be doubtful whether the electoral dyet will be convok'd, for the Election of a king of the Romans, before or after his majeſty's return to England.

The Holland Mails which came in laſt Saturday and Monday, bring repeated praiſes from Hamburgh and Bremen, of the ſuperior excellence, this year of the Britiſh herrings, adding, that thoſe cities have been ſupplied with them in great abundance, where they had been bought upon arrival, with ſurpriſing eagerneſs, and at Prices unknown before. One correſpondent takes notice, that the amazing progreſs of the Engliſh in this new branch of commerce, verifies the particular characteriſtic of this nation, that none is ſo expert at improving any Art, or bringing it to perfection.

Laſt Sunday morning ſome fellows were perceiv'd in ſtealing the fruit in an orchard adjoining to Nightingale-hall a boarding ſchool, at Newington Green; whereupon an alarm was given to the ſcholars, who ran out in a body to apprehend them, but all the fellows made their eſcape except one, whom the ſcholars apprehended, and tied to a tree, and got ſome horſewhips and diſciplined him in a very handſome manner. When they thought that they had given him a ſufficiency, they let him go, upon his promiſing never to be guilty of the like crime for the future.

Extract of a letter from Halliſax, in Nova Scotia, dated May 28.

" A few days ſince was taken within the mouth of our harbour, and brought to town, a ſea monſter, a female of the kind, whoſe body was about the ſize of that of a large ox, and ſomething reſembling one, covered with ſhort hair of a browniſh colour, the skin near an inch and an half thick, very looſe and rough, the neck thick and ſhort, reſembling that of a bull, the head ſmall in proportion to the body, & very like an allegator; in the upper jaw were two teeth of about nine or ten inches long, and crooked downwards; the legs very ſhort and thick, ending with fins and claws like thoſe of a ſea turtle; the fleſh and inwards have been opened, and reſemble thoſe of an Ox or horſe."

Paris A-la-main, Aug. 11.

On the 9th inſtamt in the night, the dauphin had a return of his fever, which created abundance of uneaſineſs throughout the whole court; but as it was happily attended with no bad conſequences, thoſe melancholy apprehenſions of the danger to which his life ſeemed expoſed, are pretty well removed.

The pock now comes out in a very kindly manner, and it is viſile that abundance of them are already dried up.

Her royal highneſs the Dauphineſs, however, notwithſtanding all the arguments that can poſſibly be urged for abſence, conſtantly attends her prince in his own apartment, and adminiſters what is requiſite for him to take with her own hands.

The public prayers are ſtill continued in all our Churches for the preſervation of ſo valuable a life; and the magiſtrates of our city never fail of attending the Maſſes on that important occaſion that are read or ſung at the church of St. Geneve, where a vaſt multitude of People reſort, in order to follow their laudable example of love and loyalty.

Letters from Burgundy give an account of a treaſure found in the crown lands there; it conſiſts of ſilver utenſils, vaſes, medals, and old coins; the whole valued at 50,000 livres, among the medals there is a high finiſhed golden medallion, repreſenting the expulſion of the Engliſh out of France.

Paris A-la-main, Aug. 14.

By letters from Rome, we are informed, that the Prieſts of the Oratory eſtabliſhed in that city, being acquainted with the warm debates and unhappy diſſentions that are ſtill ſubſiſting in France on account of the refuſal of the ſacraments to ſome particular perſons, though at the point of expiration, have laid their remonſtrances in regard thereof before the pope; who thereupon enjoined them to put up their prayers for three days ſucceſſively to almighty God, to implore his divine majeſty to put a final ſtop to thoſe unhappy diviſions, and that, during thoſe three days, his holineſs had iſſued out a great number of plenary indulgencies for the future repoſe and tranquility of the Gallican church.

His royal highneſs the dauhin having happily got over the critical hours that are generally looked upon as the moſt dangerous in regard to the diſtemper he at preſent labours under, not only the whole court in general have begun to teſtify their public joy and loyalty on the important occaſion; but the populace have alſo been very ambitious of returning thanks to the almighty for the fair proſpect of his highneſs's perfect recovery.

Paris A-la-main, Aug. 18.

By advices lately arrived at this court from Rome, we hear, that his holineſs had abſolutely compromis'd all the diviſions and miſunderſtandings that have for ſometime ſubſiſted between the chevalier de St. George and the cardinal of York, his Son.

His holineſs having been informed that thoſe differences had been occaſioned by the indiſcreet deportment of ſome particular confidents, has cauſed them all to be baniſhed, and the cardinal who in a fit of reſentment, has withdrawn to a monaſtry whereof he was patron and protector, is now returned to the palace of his father.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, Aug. 8. We learn by a letter from Cheſter, that a young gentlewoman was lately poiſoned by hemlock being chopped like pot herbs, and given to her in ſome broth, by a perſon and her colleague that lived with her in the ſame family, who are both committed to Cheſter goal.

Saturday laſt the aſſizes ended at the caſtle of Exeter, for the county of Devon, when the five following perſons received ſentence of death, viz. Agnes Cole, for the murder of her baſtard child; William Tardenick, for houſe-breaking; Joſias Gard, for ſtealing a white ram lamb; Joſeph Davis, for horſe ſtealing; and Mary Baxter, for ſtealing a Purſe with 6s. 6d.

Agnes Cole was executed laſt Monday, purſuant to the act made laſt ſeſſion of parliament againſt murder; and is the third that has ſuffered ſince the commencement of the ſaid Act.

Salisbury, Aug. 10. Tueſday laſt, Smith, otherwiſe Fidler, was executed at Fiſherton gallows, for horſe-ſtealing, purſuant to his ſentence at the laſt aſſizes. He went with great intrepidity to make his exit, and denied the fact to the laſt; but owned himſelf guilty of ſeveral robberies on the highway. The night before he ſpent in cutting his cloaths to pieces, to deprive the hangman of his uſual perquiſite.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Aug. 4. Yeſterday the right hon. the lord mayor and ſheriffs, attended by the city officers, went according to cuſtom to throw the dart into the ſea, and afterwards perambulated part of the liberties and bounds of this city, but on their return home the city ſword was forcibly carried away by ſome fellows belonging to the brick fields, one of whom is ſince taken, with the ſword, and committed to Newgate. And

This day the franchiſes and liberties of this city are to be perambulated by the right hon. the lord mayor, ſheriffs, and the ſeveral corporation of this city.

On Saturday Night the corpſe of the late Sir Peter Warren was depoſited in a vault in St. Mary's church.

BANKRUPT.

John Barron, of Leeds, in the county of York, Yarnmaker.

To be Sold Cheap,

At the Norwich Stuff Warehouſe *in* Middle-Row, Holborn;

ALL Sorts of *Norwich* Stuffs at the loweſt Prices, *viz.* fine broad Double Camblets, at 14 d. per Yard; Striped Cambliettees, at 7 d. per Yard; Whole Colours ditto, at 8 d. per yard; Damasks, at 13 d. per Yard; Striped Calimancoes, at 8 d. per Yard; Whole Colours ditto at 9 d. per Yard; *Irish* Stoffs, at 13 d. per Yard; and better Goods of the ſame Sorts as cheap in Proportion. Likewiſe exceeding cheap *Norwich* Crapes and Bed Damask, with Variety of yard-wide Stuffs, and ſeveral other ſorts of Goods not here particularly mentioned.

N. B. That all Cuſtomers may be equally ſerved alike, the loweſt Price is made at one Word.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Diſeaſe, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is ſold only by the Proprietor, R. ROCK, L. M. at his Chymiſt's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Inſtructions for each Perſon to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Phyſician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleaſant to take, is of a ſafe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Diſeaſe; it requires not too ſtrict a Regimen of Diet, nor expoſes the Body to Injury from the Weather.

No Perſon need be apprehenſive of a Diſcovery of his Diſorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Buſineſs as uſual.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received ſome Taint from a Converſe with an impure Perſon, by taking a Doſe or two of this Electuary may have their Minds ſet at Eaſe, either by its ſhewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have eſcaped, and are ſafe; or, in caſe of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Diſcharge of the Virus, which otherwiſe would have lain lurking in them, and ſpreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doſes of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine leſs effectual in the Cure of ſome Species of the Rheumatiſm; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatiſm.

Perſons likewiſe of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or groſs Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleanſing, purifying, and ſweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonders towards their Cure.

Perſons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Diſeaſe, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take ſome of this Electuary and my plain Book of Inſtructions with them: They'll ſoon find the Benefit of ſo doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an eaſy gentle Manner; is ſafe for Perſons of all Ages and both Sexes.—And the Proprietor, who has practiſed Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Diſeaſe his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Cuſtomers all neceſſary Advice and Aſſiſtance to the Completion of their Cure.

He anſwers all Letters, Poſt paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Reſtoring Viper Drops, 3s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING OUT whatever. Price 1s. 6d. the Bottle.

Daffy's ELIXER 9d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1s. the Bottle.

The True Cordial QUINTESSENCE *of* VIPERS *the moſt Noble and Grand Preparation in the whole* Materia Medica, *for the real, ſubſtantial Cure of* Impotency *in Men, and* Barrenneſs *in Women; and is vaſtly preferable to* Viper Wine, *or any other Preparation of* Vipers *whatever, as being replete with the full and whole Virtues of them.*

A Few Drops of it only, gives ſuch a generous Warmth, and ſo exceedingly delights the Vital and Animal Spirits, Senſes, and Nerves, as ſoon to ſhew what it will do, upon a little Continuance of it; for it not only promotes, and prompts to a Deſire, but alſo furniſhes proper Matter, for the Support and Eſtabliſhment of a true laſting Inclination and Power.

By this Means it anſwers the End as well of Food as Phyſick, nor is there any thing in Nature beſides, that can in that Reſpect come up to it, conſidering that it univerſally nouriſhes and reſtores in all the Declenſions of Deſire and Vigour, without the leaſt forcing the Veſſels, or ſtimulating the Parts, as moſt other Medicines for theſe Purpoſes do: And tho' it be a Maxim in Phyſick, that VENUS CEDERE & BACCHO FRIGET VENUS, ſuch an Article is ſo ſufficiently inclinable as to want no Aſſiſtance that Way; but it muſt be allowed, that good Eating and Drinking with its Comforts, but in ſome Degree, at leaſt as an Auxiliary contribute to its Efficacy.

Nor does it only furniſh Matter and create Deſire, but alſo truſs Power (as it braces up and ſo ſtrengthens the Teſtes) and gives an elaſtick Springineſs to the Muſculi Erectores Penis in Men, and corrects, cleanſes, and comforts the Uterus, or Womb, in Women, the Lankneſs and Laxity of the former, and the Foulneſs, Coldneſs, or Obſtruction of the latter, being more the Cauſe of Impotency, Interility, in theſe Sex, and Indifferency or Sterility in the other than any Thing elſe beſides; and that it is Balſamick, a reſtorative, is confirmed by long Experience, and we have Inſtances in Phyſical Writings, of Perſons arriving to a hoary old Age, as well as recover'd from ſeemingly deſperate Diſeaſes, by a continued Uſe of the common Preparations of which this Quinteſſence, by being of vaſtly more Efficacy, but in a Quarter of the Time, and with the Tenth Part of the Quantity.

Thoſe who but once try it, will ſo pleaſantly experience its nutritive quickening Properties, in exhilarating the Heart, refining the Spirits, comforting the Vitals, circulating the Juices, and recreating and renovating, as it were the whole Man, that they will never be without it, for it is ſuch a preſent Help in Time of Need, as that on the taking even but a Doſe or two more of it than ordinary, it will inſtantaneouſly animate the dull inactive Spirits, and rouze up and actuate the ſluggiſh enfeebled Faculties, in both Sexes, as to excite and capacitate where it could hardly be expected, and at the ſame Time ſeldom fails to render that conjugal Intercourſe Prolifick. Price Half a Guinea the Bottle.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Bottles, being lately dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-Street, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 2s 6d.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equal'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s. 6d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that out once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in-Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 2s 6d.

2021

SUGAR PLUMS, for WORMS, &c

THE moſt Curious Purge, for any Body, Where A Fine Purge is Wanted, being as Innocent & Safe, as a Little RHEUBARB, &c.

ted a Dozen.——Or may buy but ONE Single PLUM, for A PENNY, with Directions, Which is Enough, to bring Away WORMS, &c. from a CHILD.

Or, 2, 3, 4, Or, Half a Dozen, Or, what You Pleaſe.—Or THREE Dozen for Half a Crown,

To KEEP *in* a FAMILY.

Or to give away,——Or Sell again, And Return what do not Sell.

To be Had at Mr. Burchell's, At the ANODYNE NECK LACE, in LONG ACRE, Next Drury Lane, London.

Where are likewiſe to be had The ORIGINAL AUTHOR's

ANODYNE NECKLACES Price 5 s. ſingle, and Allowance by the dozen to ſell again.

And Alſo the Famous Gum opening Remedy to let out

CHILDRENS TEETH

Preſently without Pain, and by Rubbing it's Gums, Delight the Child,

There not being ſuch Another Help for them, this Day in the World again, Eaſily to have their TEETH.——Price Only SIX Pence, with Directions. Or SIX Parcels for Half a Crown.

AS Mr. Burchell is the ONLY Perſon that Furniſhes Shopkeepers and Others throughout the Kingdom with the ORIGINAL Author's Famous ANODYNE NECKLACES, Sugar Plums, & Remedies in ſecret Caſes,

So, Any Necklaces, &c. If not had from LONG ACRE, Are made up in IMITATION of the Original Author's.

Which are removed to Long Acre from Temple Bar, And, Has

NONE of His Necklaces Sold, BEHIND the ROYAL EXCHANGE.

Were He has no Manner of Dealings At All.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL *judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very beſt Method and Medicines in uſual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumption which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.*

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effluxions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder ſ the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they moſt aſſuredly may, by taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets however in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is wonderfully Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, in an eminent Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons ſeemingly with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country, ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon, in thoſe Caſes.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Diſeaſe is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Aſk only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamic Electary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.

The So much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, flaſhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, reſtituting the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle and, of courſe, good Blood; Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are tho roughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them, be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE ſhorteſt, ſafe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleaſant to take, and as eaſy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; ſo that the unfortunate Patient gets ſuddenly and ſurprizingly well, without Diſtaſte to his Palate, the leaſt Diſorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now ſo well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliff and Garth uſed to ſay would totally extirpate the Venereal Diſeaſe from the Face of the Earth, were it but univerſally known, and properly taken. Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it preſently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a ſafe, gentle, and pleaſant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Perſons, in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary; nor can the deepeſt Scurvy, Rheumatiſm, Gout, Evil, or Leproſy, ſtand before it, but are pleaſantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the higheſt and moſt inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Diſeaſe; which, with all its moſt raging Symptoms, it ſoon eradicates, reſtoring Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Body.

Hence it is, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it abſolutely to be depended upon, and much more ſafe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever. Thoſe who once take it, will never have Recourſe to any Thing elſe. One Pot in moſt Caſes is ſufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, ſealed up with a Book of Inſtructions, by which all Perſons may fully underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poiſon is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwered unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: It is occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, reſtifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and repleniſhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralitick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be ſold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without a ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is Generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt peaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, does once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again: nay many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them, in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Botches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and open the whole Machine, and, as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY OF IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Seminal Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which it at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently repleniſhing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition, baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, ſealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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